**PRESIDENT’S OFFICE**

**REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

**LINDI REGIONAL COMMISSIONER’S OFFICE**

**FORM FOUR MOCK EXAMINATION**

**CIVICS**

**CODE NO.011 MAY, 2018**

**TIME: 2:30 HOURS**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. This paper consists of section A, B, and C
2. Answer all questions in section A and B, and only three 3 questions from section C.
3. Cellular phones and Electronic calculators are not allowed in the examination room
4. Write your Examination number on every page of your answer booklets

**SECTION A.(20Marks)**

**Answer All questions in this section**

1. For each of the items (i-x) choose the correct answer among given alternatives and write its letter
2. Presidential and Parliamentary democracy are forms of:-
3. Participatory democracy
4. Liberal democracy
5. Soviety democracy
6. Representative democracy
7. Direct democracy
8. A method that involves the process of looking of the present situation or the group of people in which the problem rests is known as:-
9. Questionnaire
10. Mass media
11. Observation
12. Scientific experiment
13. Reading different books
14. Social development refers to:-
15. Improvement of peoples welfare in the society
16. Peace and harmony in the society
17. Improved women welfare in the society
18. High literacy rate in the society
19. Improved relations among people.
20. Inadequate provision of food, shelter, clothes and access to clean water is an indication of:
21. Poverty circle
22. Relative poverty
23. Poverty line
24. Absolute poverty
25. Income poverty

v.) The possibilities given to people by the state laws and other instruments for satisfying their requirements and interests are referred to as:-

a. Democracies

b. Liberties

c. Human Rights

d. Freedoms.

e. Decision making

vi.) Mr Job was born in Tanzania when his father serves as Kenyan ambassador in the country and his mother born and serves as a school teacher in Tanzania, so Job can become a Tanzanian by:-

1. Descent
2. Registration
3. Birth
4. Naturalization
5. Resigning

vii.) Which of the following is a feature of globalization?

1. Reduces poverty world wide
2. Allows free movement of people and information
3. Reduces female genital Mutilation
4. Reduces media coverage
5. Accelerates drug abuse

viii. The non biological roles performed by men and women in the society are called

1. Gender roles
2. Cultural roles
3. Marital roles
4. Feminity roles
5. Parental roles

ix. “The parliament of Tanzania is Unicameral” this means, it:-

1. Proposes laws
2. Approves state budget
3. Respects rulling party
4. Has two house of parliament
5. Has one house of parliament

x. Tanzania has included the life skills education in its curriculum because it:-

a. Helps people to cope with urban life easily

b. Reduces the sense of personal esteem

c. Helps people to obey their cultural values

d. Increases productivity and confortability of life

e. Helps people to become wealthy.

1. Match the items in list A with the correct responses in list B by writing the letter of the corresponding response beside the item number.

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| --- | --- |
| **LIST A** | **LIST B** |
| i | The state where by the needs of men and women, girls and boys are specifically addressed as determined by gender. | A | Gender oppression |
| ii | Addressing gender issues in all development policies and programmes irrespective of type of project. | B | Gender Focus |
| iii | Conscious or unconscious way of doing or saying things, reorganizing or considering differences in position, needs and feelings based on gender. | C | Gender Equality |
| iv | TAMWA | D | Gender Mainstreaming |
| v | 10TH December 1948 | E | Gender Discrimination |
| vi | Un lawful sex | F | Gender Empowerment |
| vii | A situation whereby there is positive relationship between men and women | G | Gender stereotyping |
| viii | Gender | H | sensitize women with breast cancer |
| ix | An inequality that exist in job accessibility between two different sex | I | A legal member of the state. |
| x | The process of making exploration and highlights the relationship between men and women in the society. | J | Universal declaration of human rights |
|  |  | K | Pregnancy |
|  |  | L | Pure behaviour life |
|  |  | M | Improper behavior |
|  |  | N | Gender Analysis |
|  |  | O | Gender gap |
|  |  | P | The different social roles and opportunities assigned to male and female by a society |
|  |  | Q | Gender inequality |
|  |  | R | Gender sensitive planning |

**SECTION B: 20 MARKS**

**Answer all questions in this section**

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow below.

Controlling anti- social human conduct is not easy. In many Countries of the World, there has been an increasing crime rate over the years. Crime rate are usually higher in larger cities but have also been increasing in the suburban and rural areas.

Crime is not confined to one main group of people. In Tanzania and most countries however, the majority of criminals are youths between the ages of 18 and 35 years. Statistics also show that there are many male than female criminals.

Most authorities agree that, crime is a major problem. There is no agreement, however on the causes of crime and what can be done about it. Some of the reasons given on higher crime rate are poverty, unemployment, lack of education, growing population, alcoholism and drug abuse, ineffective police protection, little chance of being punished, break down in morals, the influence of television and films and disrespect of laws.

Although there is evidence that poor social and economic conditions may be related to crime, some of the highest crime rates are found in the wealthiest countries in the World. It is true, however that some of these wealth countries still have large number of poor people.

Questions:

1. Suggest a suitable title of the passage
2. Why are crime rates higher in larger cities than in suburbs and rural areas? State three (3) reasons.
3. According to the passage, which countries have highest crime rates?
4. Suggest ways of reducing crimes in our countries. State four (4) ways

e.Which group is vulnerable in criminals?

4 a) Briefly explain five (5) causes of drug abuse.

 b) Briefly explain five importance of the national constitution.

**SECTION C: 60 MARKS**

**Attempt any three (3) questions from this section. Each question carries 20 marks**

1. Asses whether Tanzania implements democracy in accordance with the principles of democracy.(six points)
2. With examples analyze the relationship between poverty and environmental degradation. (six 6 points)
3. Despite the fact that Tanzania is endowed with many resources it is economically underdeveloped. Discuss six factors needed for economic development for Tanzania to take off.
4. Discuss at least six (6) effects of human rights abuse in the society.
5. Road accidents in Tanzania have now reached unacceptable proportions. Suggest six measures to alleviate road accidents in Tanzania.
6. Analyse the importance of reproductive health education to the society.